

FIG. 1

FIG. 2

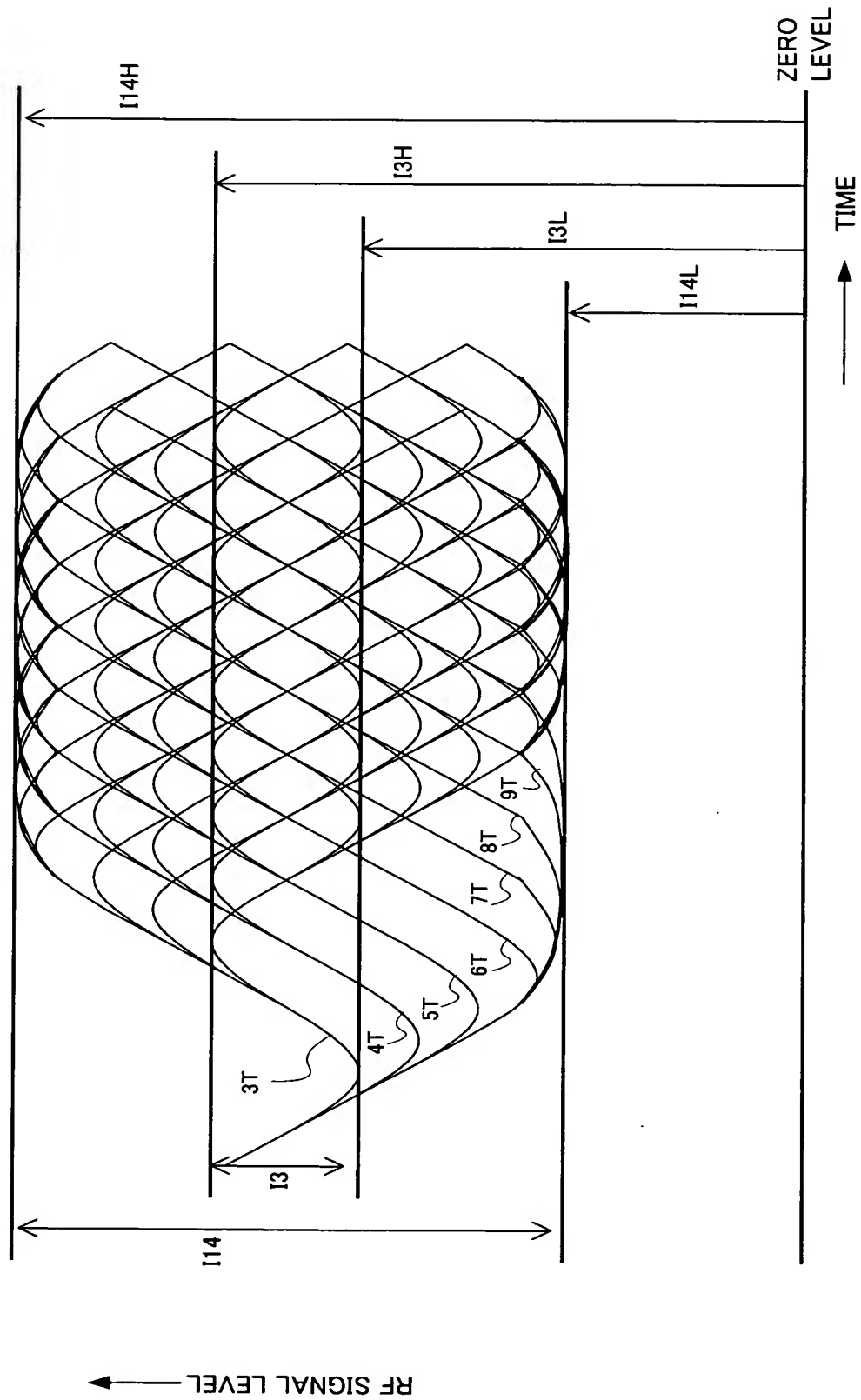
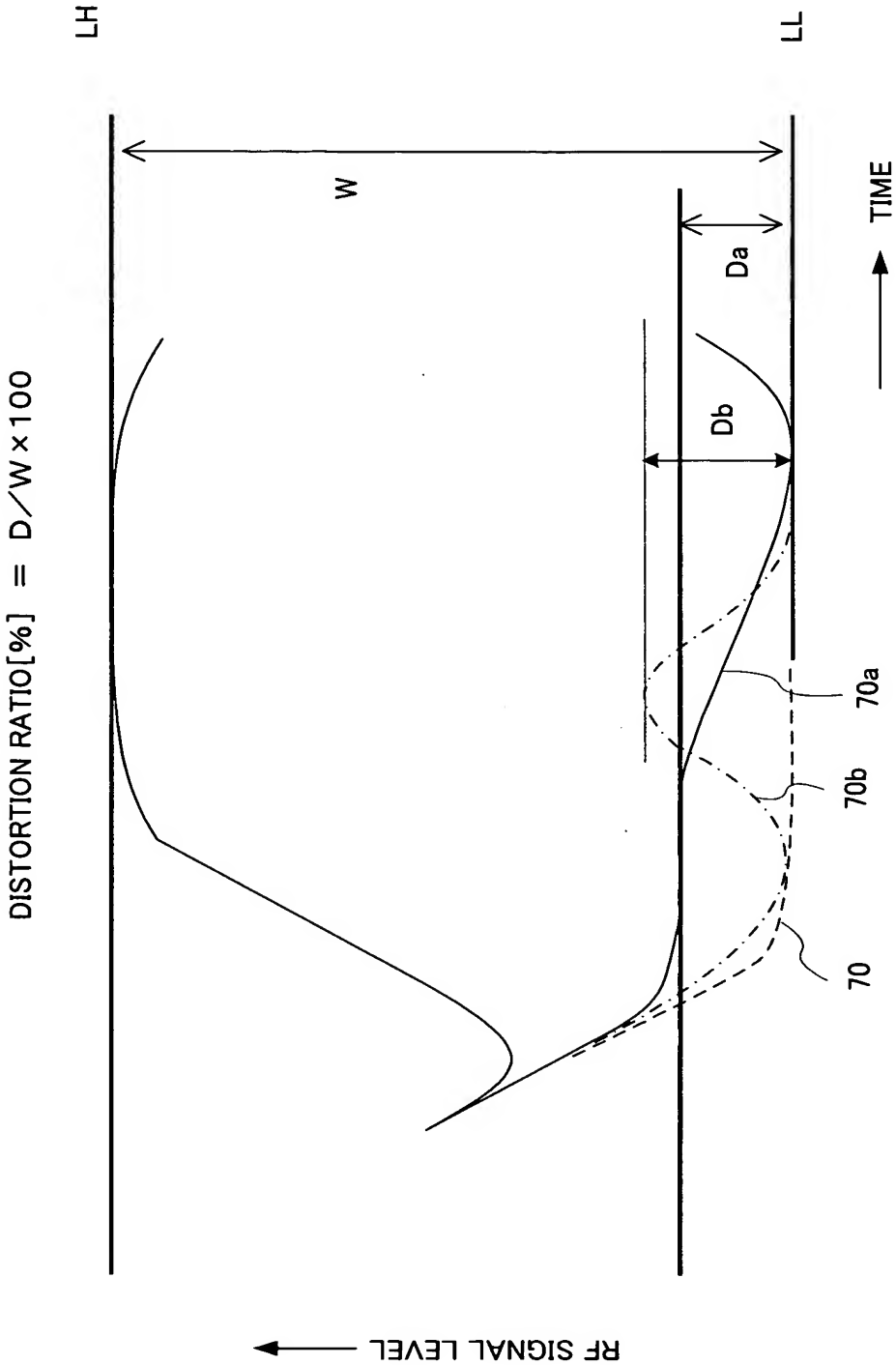
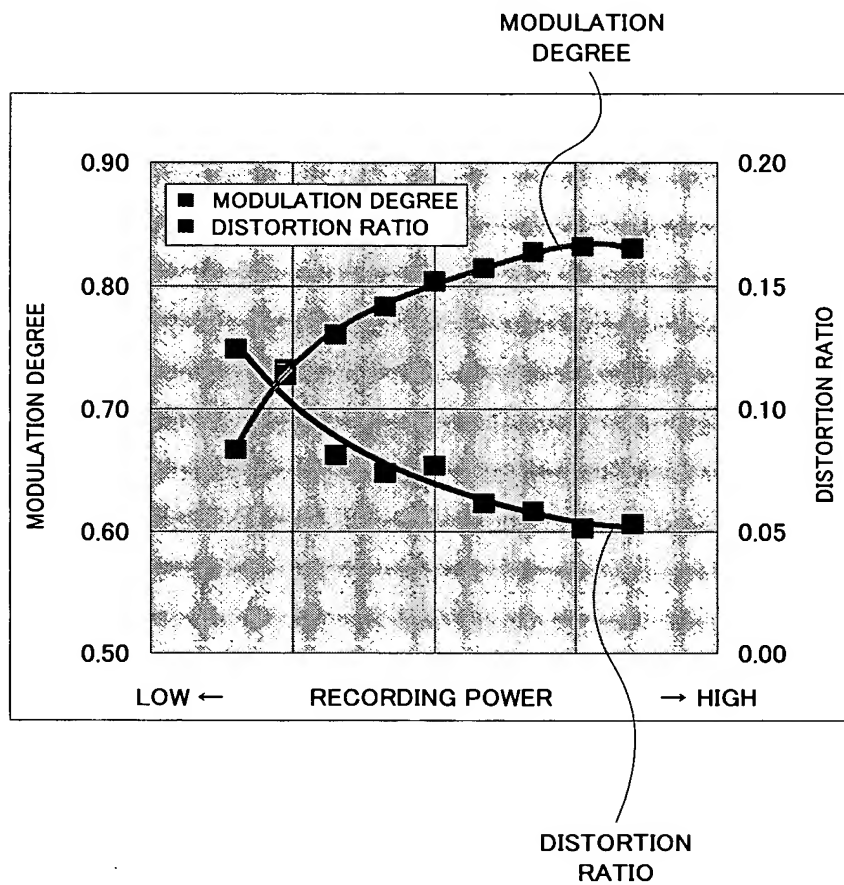


FIG. 3



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FIG. 4



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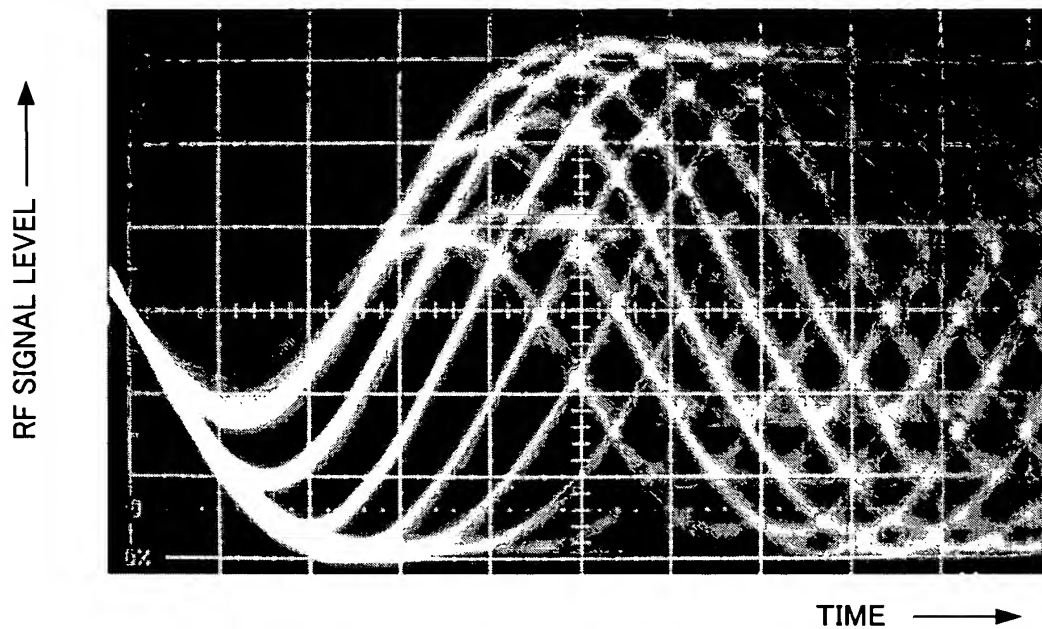


FIG. 5A

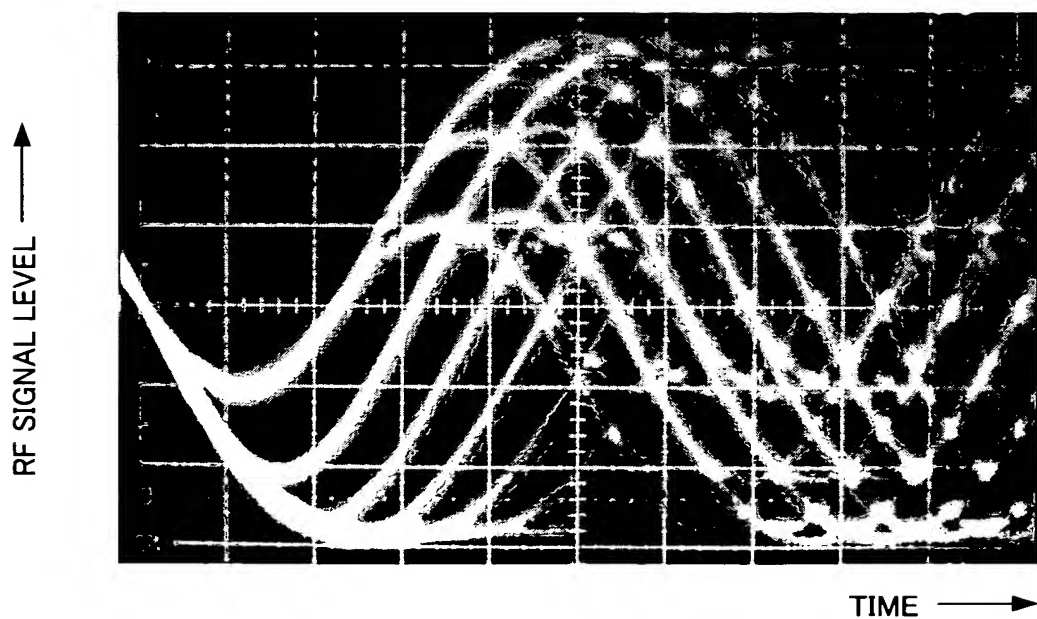
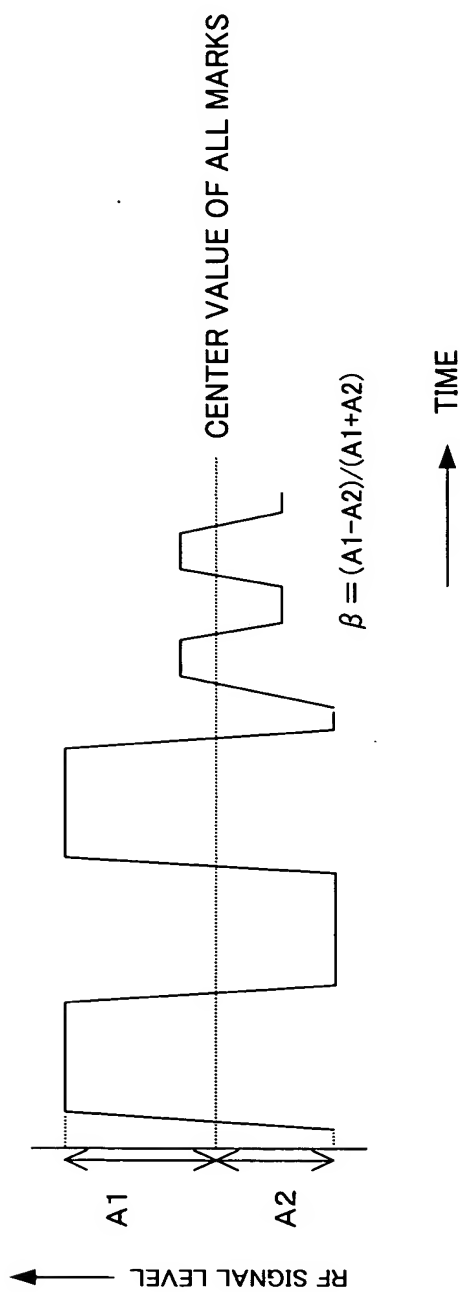


FIG. 5B

FIG. 6



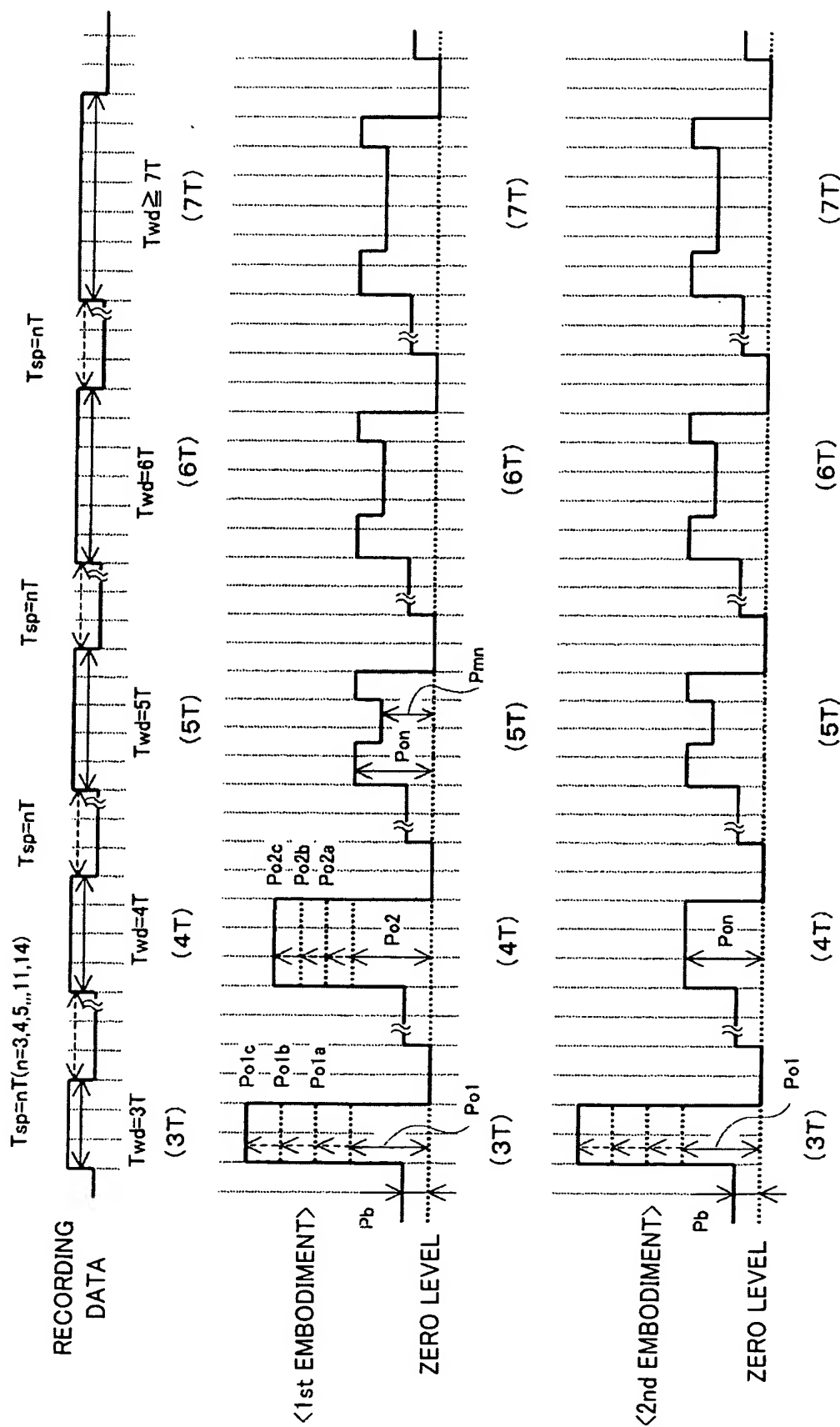


FIG. 7



FIG. 9

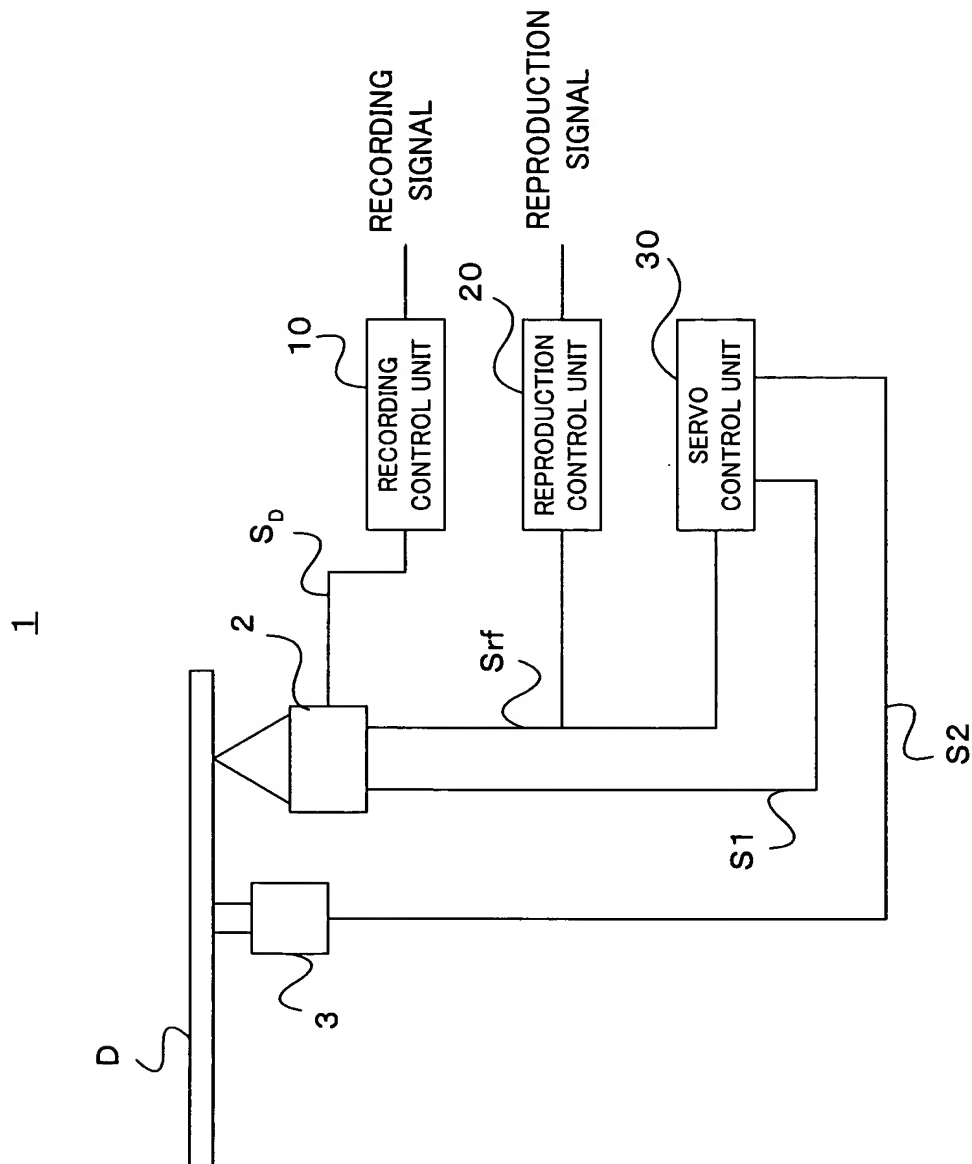
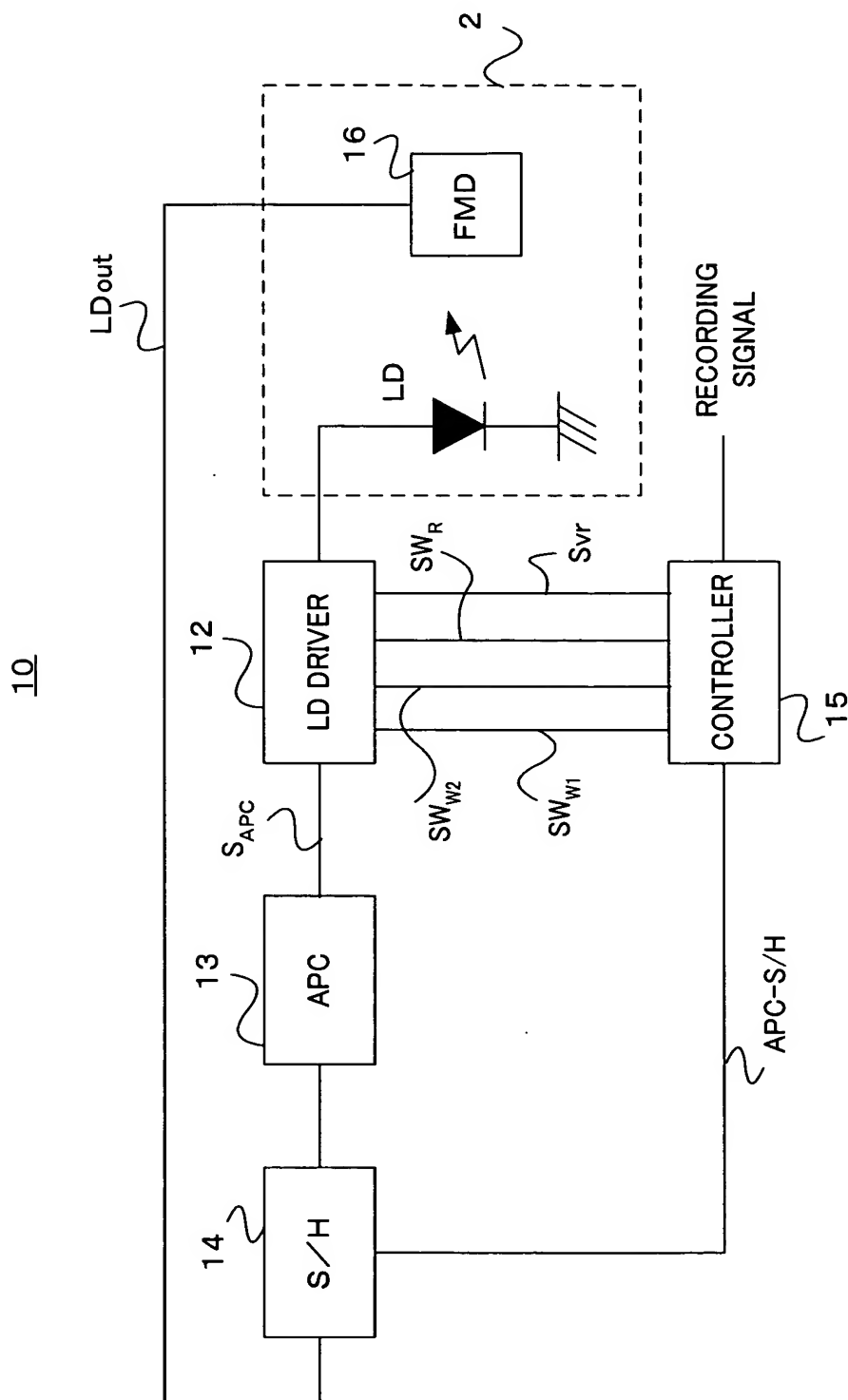


FIG. 10

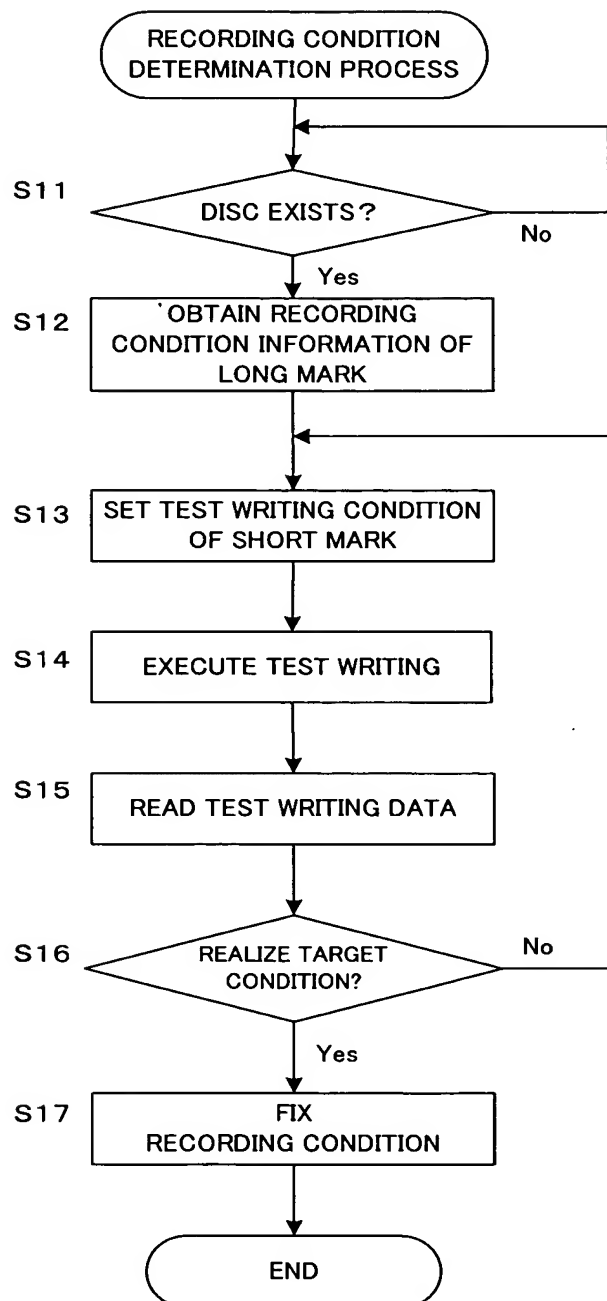


[illegible]

The graph plots Output Power (Y-axis) against Driving Current (X-axis). The Y-axis has labels P_{off} , P_b , P_m , and P_o . The X-axis has labels I_R , I_{W1} , and I_{W2} . The curve starts at the origin, rises linearly to (I_R, P_b) , then continues horizontally to (I_{W1}, P_m) , and finally rises linearly to (I_{W2}, P_o) . Vertical dashed lines mark the current levels I_R , I_{W1} , and I_{W2} . Horizontal dashed lines mark the power levels P_b , P_m , and P_o . A double-headed vertical arrow between P_o and P_m indicates the power range in the constant power region.

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FIG. 13



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FIG. 14

